

Programming the Home and Enterprise WiFi with OpenSDWN

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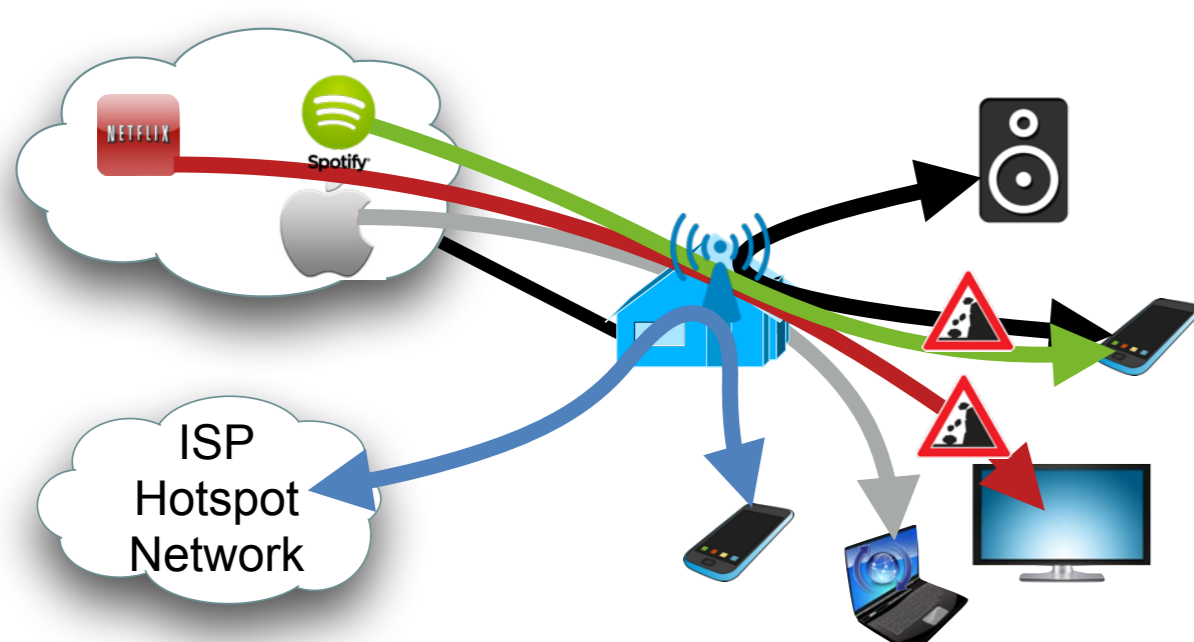
Motivation

- Wireless hop often critical for performance:
 - Non-stationary environment (Non-negligible delay, available bandwidth varies)
 - No user-defined service differentiation
- Software-Defined Wireless Networking (SDWN)
 - Introduces flexible control over many WiFi knobs
- Rarely managed in unison with network functions
 - Stateful firewalling, service differentiation, or intrusion detection
- OpenSDWN enables, e.g.:
 - User-defined service differentiation
 - Mobility and flexible function allocation

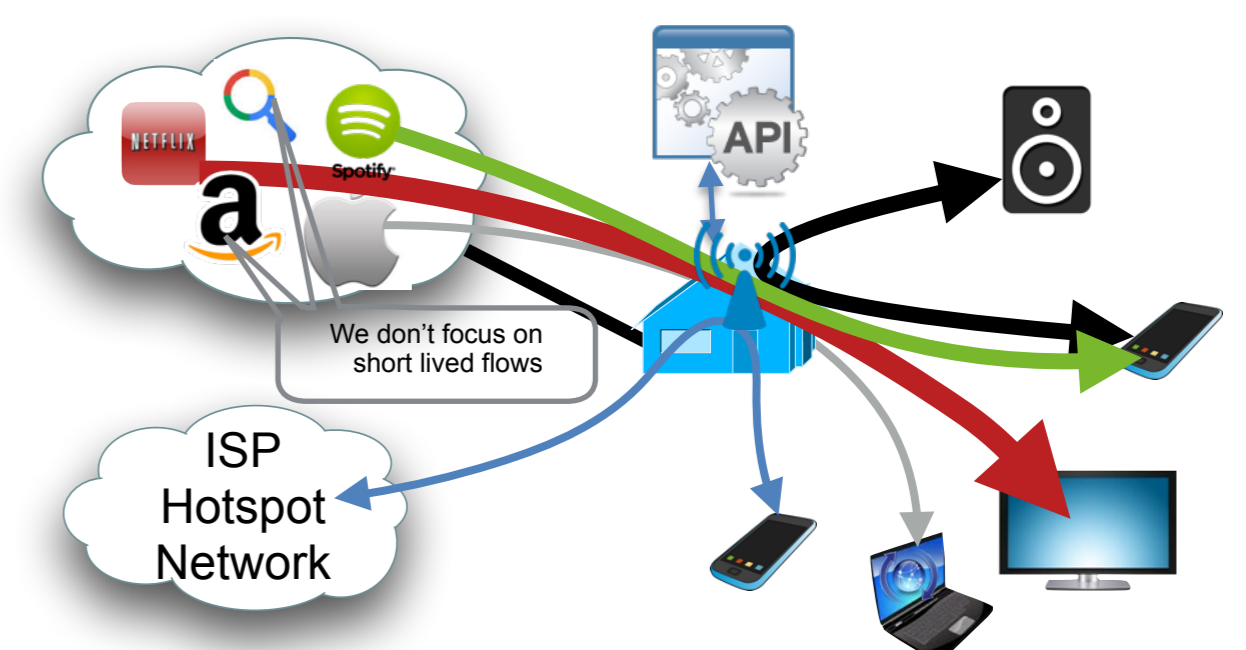
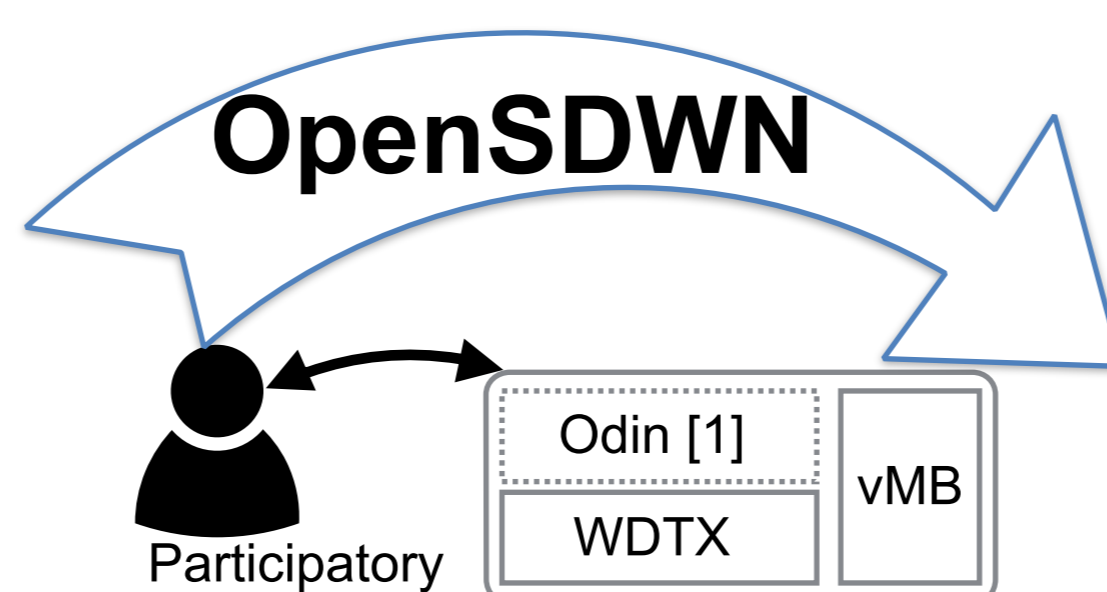
OpenSDWN

- Open Software-Defined Wireless Networking architecture
- Targets WiFi Deployments
- Combines the benefits of Wireless, SDN, and NFV:
 - Light Virtual Access Point Abstraction (Odin)
 - WiFi Data-Path Transmission Control (WDTX)
 - Virtualized Network Functions/Middlebox management (vMB)
 - SDN Interface for Ethernet (OpenFlow)
 - External API for Operators/Users (Participatory Interface)

Demo: Enabling Fine Grained Traffic Differentiation via a Participatory Interface

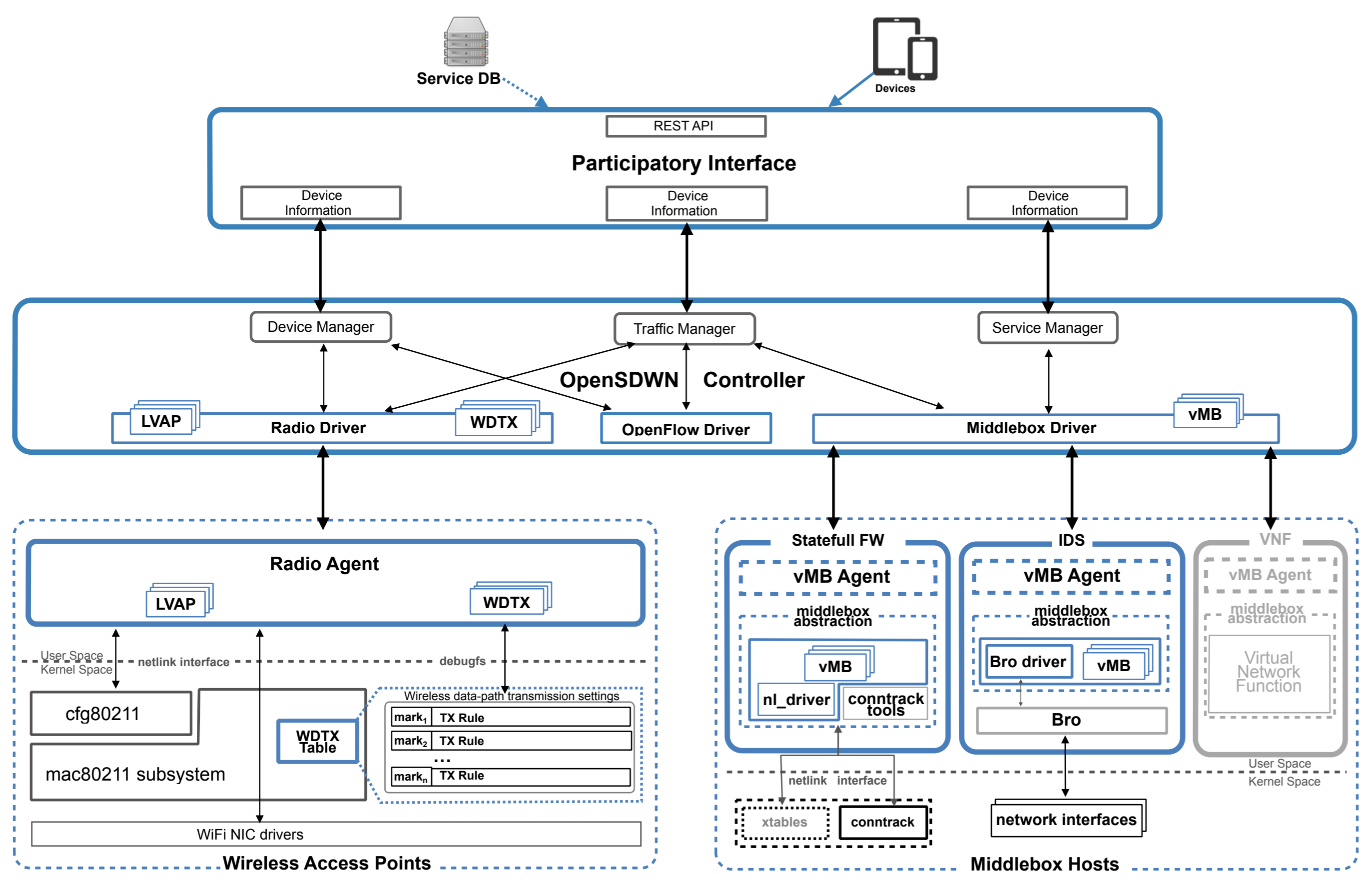


Just Best Effort

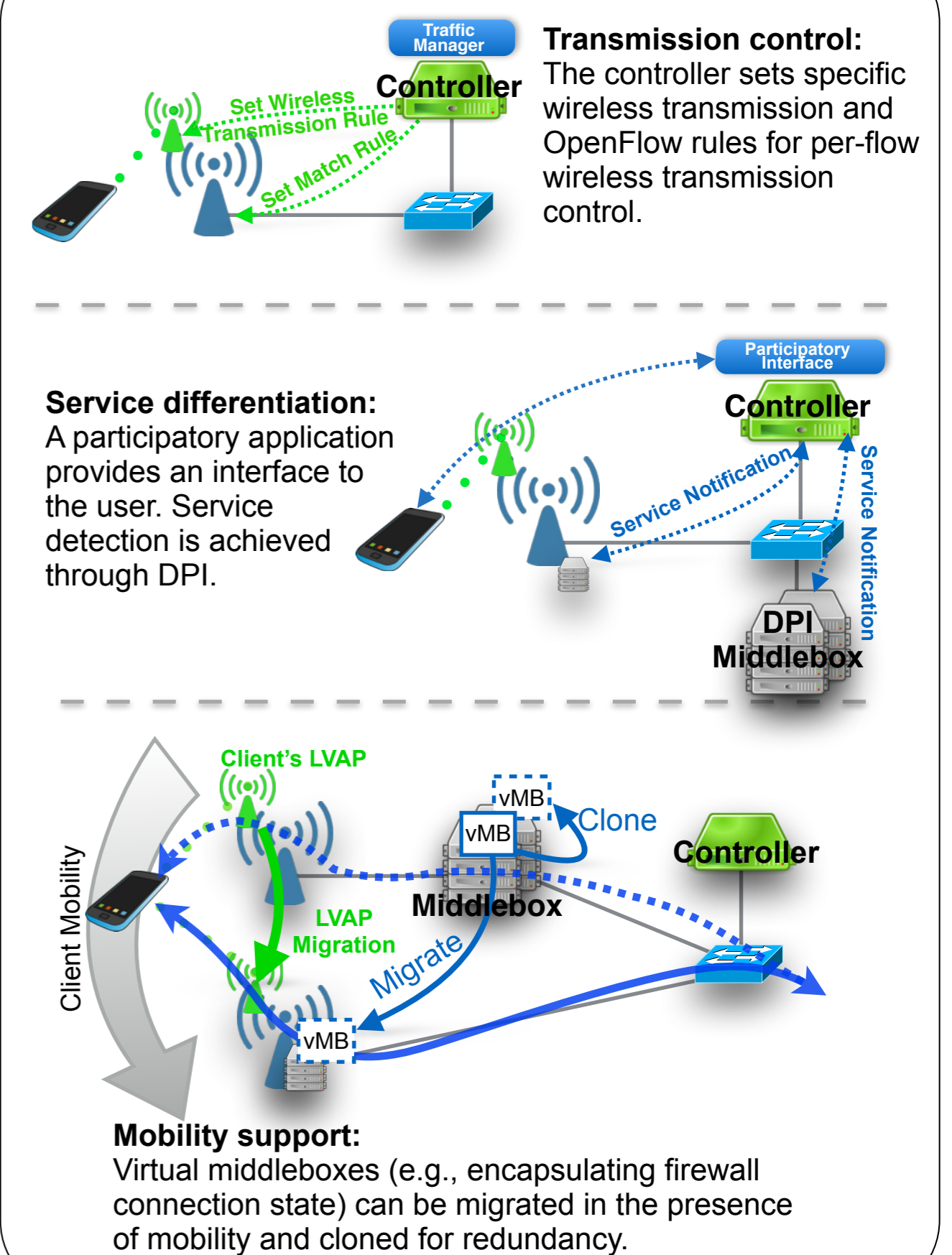


User-defined service differentiation

OpenSDWN Building Blocks



Example Operations



Literature

- [1] J. Schulz-Zander, L. Suresh, N. Sarrar, A. Feldmann, T. Hühn, and R. Merz. Programmatic orchestration of WiFi networks. In *USENIX ATC '14*.
 [2] J. Schulz-Zander, C. Mayer, B. Ciobotaru, S. Schmid, and A. Feldmann. OpenSDWN: Programmatic Control over Home and Enterprise WiFi. In *ACM SOSR '15*.

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